# Everything you need to know about "fulldome", and some more

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# 3D -> 2D image mappings (projections)

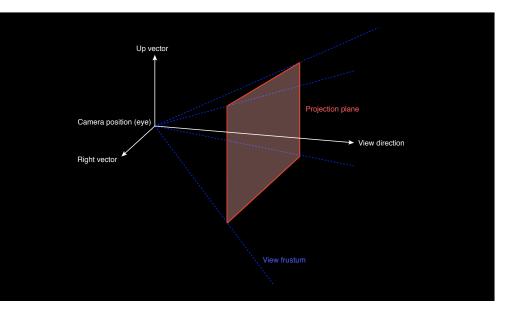
• Perspective

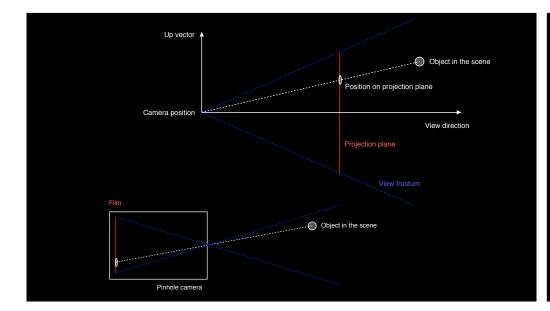
- Cylindrical
- Equirectangular (spherical)
- Cubemaps
- Fisheye

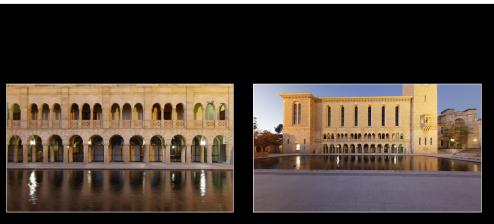


# Perspective Projection



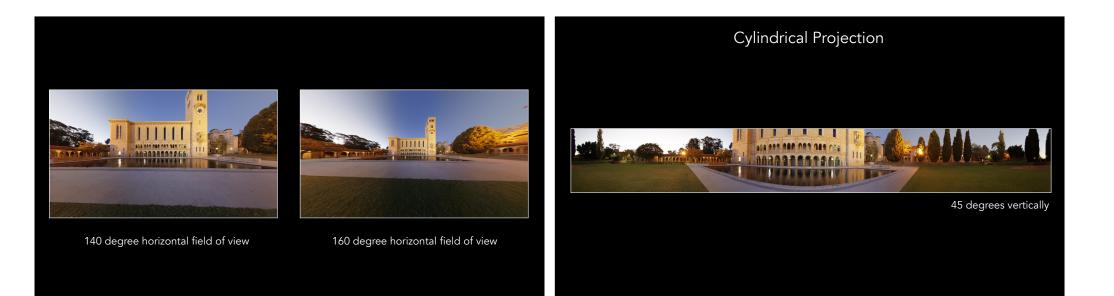


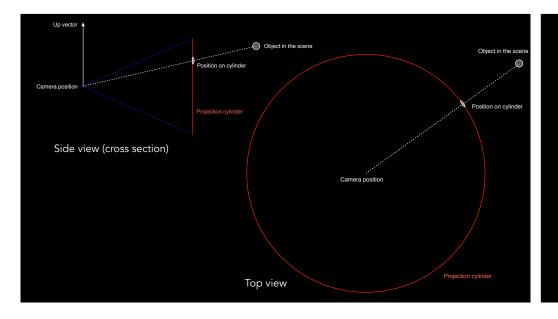




60 degree horizontal field of view

120 degree horizontal field of view





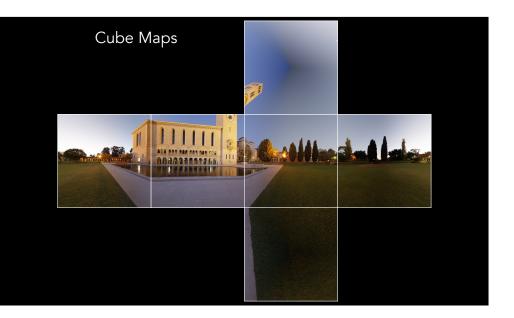


90 degrees vertically

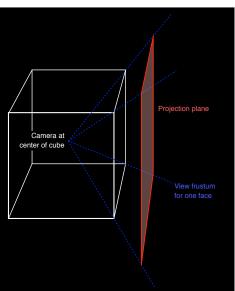






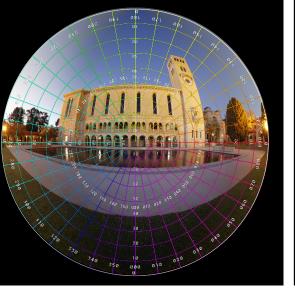


- Cube maps are 6 square view frustums through the vertices of each cube face.
- Each view frustum is 90 degrees horizontally and vertically.

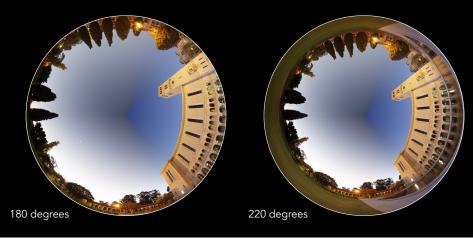




- Lines of longitude extend radially from the north pole.
- Lines of latitude (3D) create equal radius lines in the fisheye (2D).
- Put another way, there is a linear relationship between the distance from the centre of the fisheye to the age of the corresponding 3D vector.



• A fisheye is not limited to 180 degrees although that is the most common type of dome shape: a hemisphere.



## "Distortion"

- One is tempted to refer to the curved nature of what we expect to be straight lines as a "distortion".
- Same applies to the spreading of objects towards the poles in an equirectangular projection.



### **Distortion - Perspective**

- Real lenses are not perfect pinhole cameras.
- The result is what is often called pincushion or barrel distortion.
- This is a form of distortion and given the right mathematical formulation can be corrected for.

